

The European Human Rights System and its influence



Law and Politics of Transnational Justice: The Past, Present and Future of International Criminal Justice

University of Zagreb
International Spring Course
Dubrovnik
28 March 2012

I. Introduction





- ❖ ICTY❖ ICTRad hoc criminal Tribunals of the UN
- ❖ Sierra Leone
- **❖** Cambodia
- **&** East Timor

regional mixed international Tribunals

- *** ICC**
- *** ICJ**
- **❖ ECHR / IACHR / AfCHPR**





European Convention on Human Rights

international treaty, opened for signature 1950, entered in force 1953

- **❖** Fair trial (Art. 6 ECHR)
- **❖** No punishment without law (Art. 7 ECHR)
- **❖** Right to respect for private and family life (Art. 8 ECHR)
- Freedom of thought, conscience and religion (Art. 9 ECHR)
- Freedom of expression (Art. 10 ECHR)
- ❖ Freedom of assembly and association (Art. 11 ECHR)
- **❖** Right to marry (Art. 12 ECHR)
- ❖ Right to an effective remedy (Art. 13 ECHR)
- **❖ Prohibition of discrimination (Art. 14 ECHR)**





14 Additional Protocols

- Protection of property
- **❖** Right to education
- Right to free elections
- Prohibition of imprisonment for debt
- Freedom of movement
- Prohibition of expulsion of nationals
- Prohibition of collective expulsion of aliens
- **❖** Abolition of the death penalty
- Right of appeal in criminal matters
- Compensation for wrongful conviction
- Right not to be tried or punished twice
- Equality between spouses
- **❖** General prohibition of discrimination





- European Commission of Human Rights
 - → set up in 1954
- **&** European Court of Human Rights
 - **→** set up in 1959
- **❖ Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe**





European Court of Human Rights

→ full time court since 1998



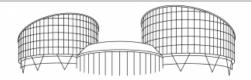
EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME

1959 • 50 • 2009

Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe







EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS

COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME **Grand Chamber** Section V Section IV Section II Section III Section I Chambers Chambers Chambers Chambers Chambers Committee Committee Committee Committee Committee **Inter-State applications** The European Human Rights System University of Zagreb





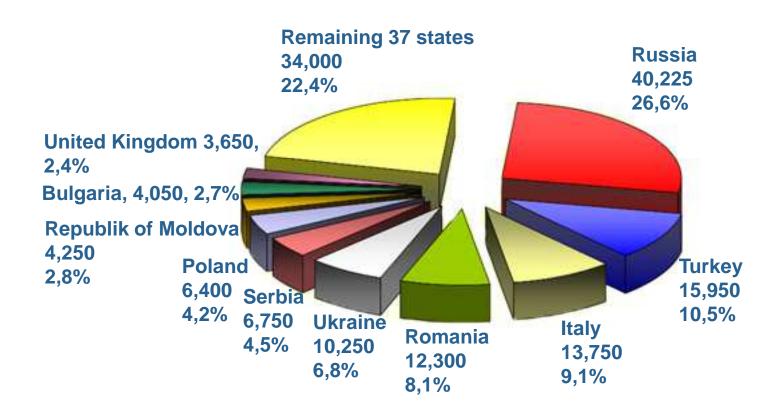


EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME

* 2011	\longrightarrow	64,500 new applications with the Court
* 2011	→	Court managed to handle 52,188 applications
* 2011		151,600 allocated applications pending before the
		Court



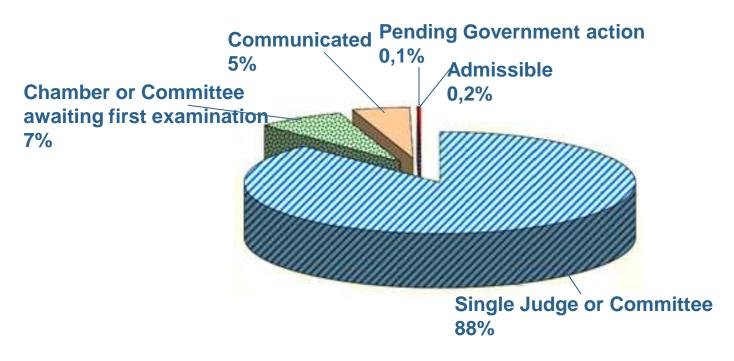








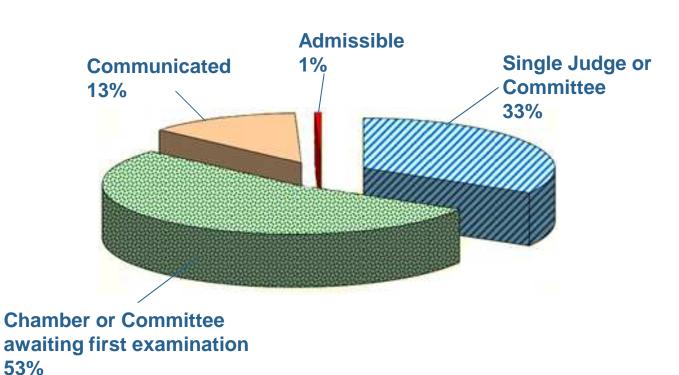
Russia: total applications 40,225







Turkey: total applications 15,950

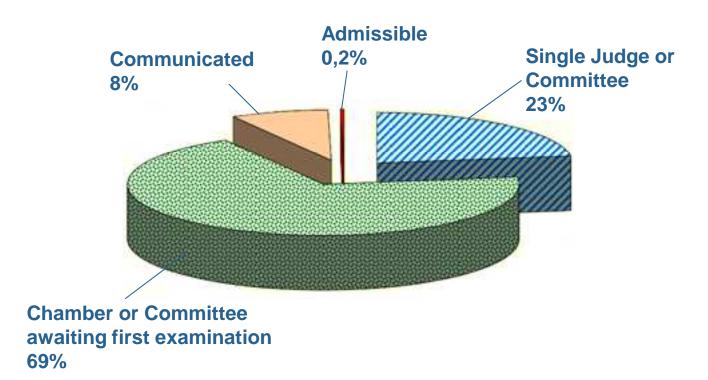


53%





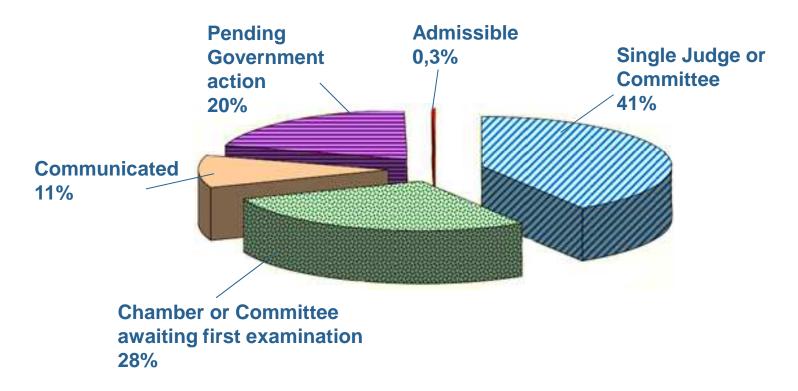
Italy: total applications 13,750







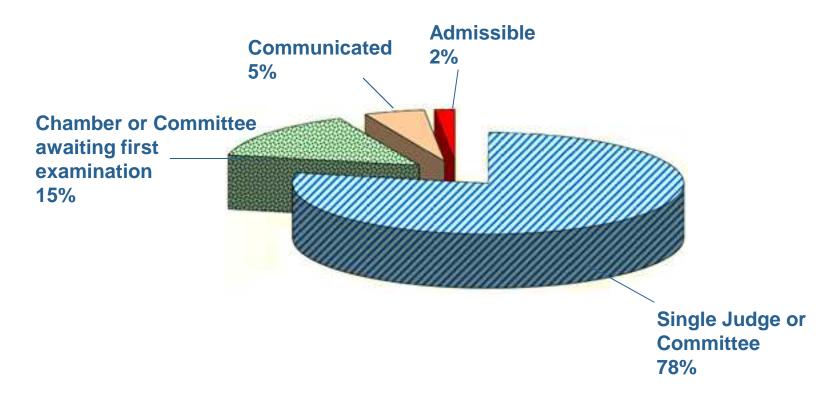
Romania: total applications 12,300







Croatia: total applications 1,752







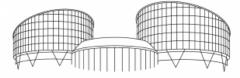


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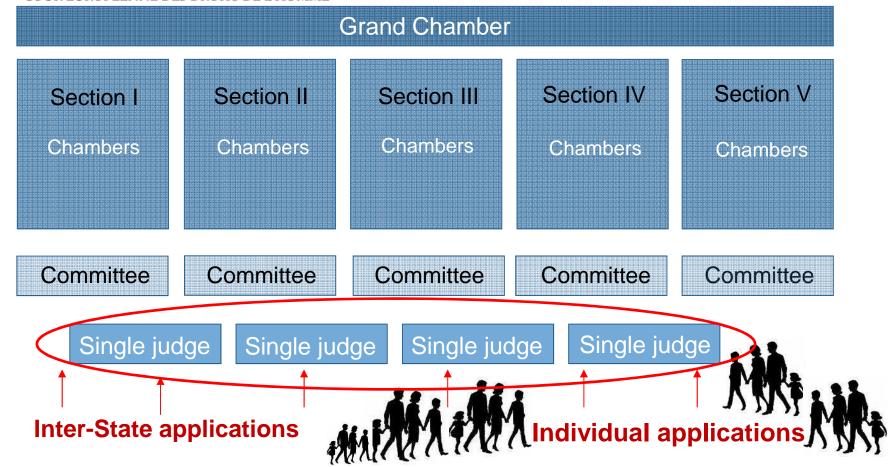
- ❖ Protocol no. 14
- **❖ Lord Woolf Report**
- **❖ Wise Persons' Report**







EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME Protocol no. 14









Protocol no. 14

new ground of inadmissibilitysignificant disadvantage

Art. 35 ECHR:

- [....]
- 3. The Court shall declare inadmissible any individual application submitted under Article 34 if it considers that:
- (a) [...]
- (b) the applicant has not suffered a *significant disadvantage*, unless respect for human rights as defined in the Convention and the Protocols thereto requires an examination of the application on the merits and provided that no case may be rejected on this ground which has not been duly considered by a domestic tribunal.







Lord Woolf Report: recommendations

- Redefinition of an application
- Satellite Offices of the Registry
- ❖ National Ombudsmen
- Pilot Judgments
- Deputy Registrar for Management
- Central Training Unit for lawyers
- Formal induction programme for new judges and intensive language course







Wise Persons' Report: recommendations

- Judicial filtering body
- Human Rights training for national judges
- Improvement of domestic remedies
- **❖ Pilot judgments**
- Friendly settlements and mediation procedures

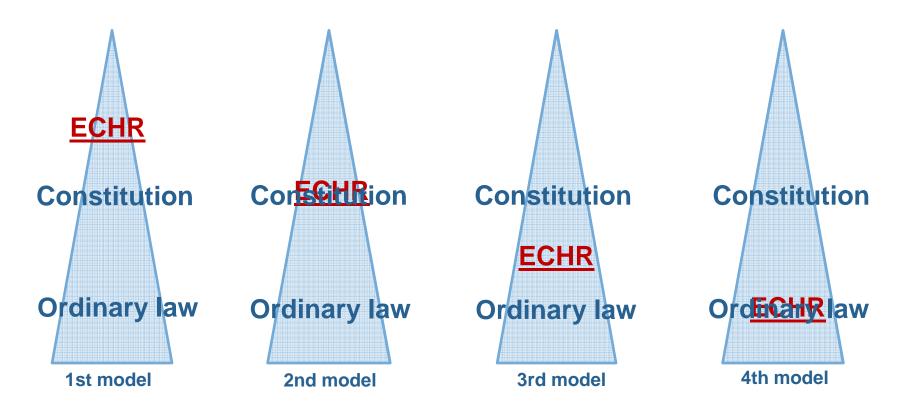
V. Impact on national law







EUROPEAN COURT OF HUMAN RIGHTS COUR EUROPÉENNE DES DROITS DE L'HOMME



V. Impact on national law







- **❖ National judges have to take into consideration the judgments of the ECHR**
- ❖ National public authorities have to recognize and give full effect to Convention rights
- **❖** Judgments of the ECHR give an impuls to the national legislative authorities

VI. Concluding remarks





Fundamental reforms

❖ Number of judges and sientific staff have to be increased significantly



Mandatory human rights attorney

Funds have to be increased significantly



Thank you for your attention!

Dr. Johanna Rinceanu, LL.M.

Referatsleiterin

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